

## Claims

1 1. A method for transmitting an input stream of symbols in a multiple-input /  
2 multiple-output wireless communications system including  $M$  subgroups of  
3 transmitting antennas, comprising:  
4 selecting  $L$  subgroups of the  $M$  subgroups of antennas, where  $L < M$ ;  
5 demultiplexing, the input stream into  $L$  substreams, there being one  
6 substream for each one of  $L$  selected subgroups of antennas;  
7 adaptively modulating and coding each of the  $L$  substreams to a maximum  
8 data rate while achieving a predetermined performance on an associated channel  
9 used to transmit the substream; and  
10 space-time transmit diversity encoding each of the  $L$  coded substreams into a  
11 set of output streams, there being one output stream in each set for each antenna of  
12 each one of the  $L$  subgroups of antennas.

1 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
2 feeding back, from a receiver, channel conditions; and  
3 selecting the  $L$  substreams to be produced by the demultiplexing according  
4 to the channel conditions.

1 3. The method of claim 2, in which the channel conditions measure a signal to  
2 interference plus noise ratio of the output streams received in the receiver.

1 4. The method of claim 1, in which the adaptive modulation and coding depends on  
2 the number  $L$  of the substreams.

1 5. The method of claim 1, in which  $L$  is zero to increase an overall capacity of the  
2 system including a plurality of receivers.

1 6. The method of claim 1, in which the adaptive modulating and coding, further  
2 comprises:

3 coding each substream;  
4 interleaving each coded substream; and  
5 symbol mapping each interleaved substream.

1 7. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

2 demultiplexing each output stream into a plurality demultiplexed output  
3 streams;

4 multiplying each of the plurality of demultiplexed output streams by an  
5 orthogonal variable spreading factor;

6 adding the demultiplexed output streams, for each output stream, after  
7 multiplication into a summed output stream corresponding to each output stream;  
8 and

9 multiplying each summed output stream by a scrambling code.

1 8. A system for transmitting an input stream of symbols in a multiple-input /  
2 multiple-output wireless communications system including  $M$  subgroups of  
3 transmitting antennas, comprising:

4 a switch configured to select  $L$  subgroups of the  $M$  subgroups of antennas,  
5 where  $L < M$ ;

6 a demultiplexer configured to split the input stream into  $L$  substreams, there  
7 being one substream for each one of  $L$  subgroups of antennas;

8 means for adaptively modulating and coding each of the  $L$  substreams to a  
9 maximum data rate while achieving a predetermine performance on an associated  
10 channel used to transmit the substream; and

11 means for space-time transmit diversity encoding each of the  $L$  coded  
12 substream into a set of output streams, there being one output stream in each set for  
13 each antenna of each one of the  $L$  subgroups of antennas.